

1. **What do these words have in common: maneuver, manual, mandate, manipulate, manuscript?:** They all start with "man" (obviously) which comes from the word for hand "mano". Think "man-handle" to make the connection. They all in one way or another have to do with working with your hands. e.g. manual labor means working with your hands
2. **mandar:** to command (to mandate--literally)
3. **un mandato:** a command (a mandate--literally)
4. **What is a positive (afirmativo) command? Where are the pronouns placed?:** telling someone to do something; the pronouns are placed following the command
5. **What is a negative command? Where are the pronouns placed?:** telling someone not to do something e.g. "No..."; the pronouns are placed before the command
6. **How do you regularly form a positive tú command?:** Take the 3rd person (él/ella/Ud.) form of the present tense verb
7. **Which positive tú commands are irregular?:** decir, poner, ir, hacer, tener, ser, salir, venir; (ven, di, sal, haz, ten, ve, pon, sé) - "Vin diesel has 10 weapons"
8. **Which commands use subjunctive?:** All negative commands and all positive commands except tú
9. **How do you regularly conjugate a verb in the subjunctive mood?:** Take the yo Drop the "o" (fo' sho') Add the opposite ending
10. **What is the "opposite ending" of a verb?:** The opposite ending of an -ar verb would be -er The opposite ending of an -er/-ir verb would be -ar
11. **Which verbs have a spelling change in subjunctive mood?:** those ending in -car, -gar, & -zar (change just like the "yo" in the preterit)
12. **What is the acronym for remembering the 6 irregular subjunctive verbs?:** DISHES
Dar
Ir
Ser
Haber
Estar
Saber
13. **What are some useful acronyms to help you remember WHEN to use the subjunctive?:** WEDDING or WEIRDO
14. **What does "WEDDING" stand for?:** W.ish/Want (querer, desear, preferir, and so on)
E.motion (alegrarse, sorprenderse, enojarse, and so on)
D.oubt (dudar, no estar seguro, and so on)
D.enial (negar)
I.mpersonal Expressions (Es importante, bueno, malo, necesario, and so on)
N.egation (No + verbos como creer, pensar)
G.od (ojalá)
15. **What does "WEIRDO" stand for?:** Wishes/Wants
Emotions
Impersonal Expressions
Requests
Doubt/Denial (this includes negation--"no" phrases)
Ojalá